



## English Policy

### Introduction

Achieving competence in English language is a vital part of the education of our pupils. All teachers play an important role in facilitating this. The English curriculum aims to develop language skills in four different areas: reading, writing, speaking and listening. The school's aim is that each child should achieve the highest level of performance of which he or she is capable in every aspect of English. We aim to provide our pupils with a wide experience of literature throughout the Foundation Stage and Key Stages 1 and 2.

### Intent

The aim of our English curriculum is to prepare the children for the future, both in education and in life. Our curriculum has deep and broad coverage and content and is brought to life through rich and vibrant cultural experiences – the cultural capital.

The ambitions for our curriculum:

- **High aspirations permeate across the school**
- **The school offers a host of cultural experiences and enrichment opportunities**
- **Our pupils develop a love of life-long reading**
- **British Values are an intrinsic part of the school**

At the Emmaus Federation, we are dedicated to encouraging all children to be passionate about reading and writing. We are determined that all children will become highly competent readers and writers by the end of their primary education. It is our intention to immerse pupils in the wonders of quality texts to instil a love for reading, a passion for discovery and the confidence to explore their imagination.

During their time at the Emmaus Federation, all children will be exposed to a high-quality education in English that will prepare them for later life. We teach our children to speak and write fluently so that they can communicate ideas and emotions and through their reading and listening, others can communicate with them.

Through reading, pupils have a chance to develop culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually. Reading is key as it enables pupils to acquire knowledge and to build upon what they already know. All skills of language are essential to participating

fully as a member of society. This context enables pupils to understand the value of English to them now, and in their futures.

### **Aims of English**

- Read easily, fluently and with good understanding, using a range of appropriate decoding strategies.
- Develop the habit of reading widely and often; for both pleasure and information
- To acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and have a secure knowledge of the language rules for reading, writing and spoken language.
- Appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage by accessing and valuing a range of texts drawn from both classic and modern literature from a range of world cultures.
- Write clearly accurately and coherently, adapting language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.
- Use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas across the wider curriculum
- Are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate.

### **Teaching and Learning**

Our English teaching uses an **enquiry process** to allow pupils to learn for themselves. Within our English curriculum, we have identified the key knowledge that we will implement to allow our pupils to become successful communicators.

#### **1. A knowledge of phonics.**

In EYFS and Year 1, phonics is taught daily, following the Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised programme. We ensure phonics is taught from the start with lessons beginning in Reception from their second week in school. Staff are well-trained and highly competent in the teaching of phonics.

#### **2. A knowledge of common exception words**

From when they begin phonics in Reception, our children are taught to read and spell the 'tricky words' as set out in the Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised progression. In addition, from Year 1 onwards, the children are taught to read and spell the common exception words appropriate to their year group.

#### **3. A knowledge of comprehension**

In Reception and Year 1, children receive three reading practice sessions per week to develop their decoding, prosody and comprehension skills. From Year 2 upwards, children are introduced to 'VIPERS' – a mnemonic that allows the children to become more familiar with the different types of questions they may come across.

#### **4. A knowledge of spelling rules.**

Once the children have a secure knowledge in phonics, spelling is taught weekly through the Twinkl spelling programme. Spelling strategies are the focus of weekly spelling tests and activities.

#### **5. A knowledge of grammar and punctuation.**

SPAG (Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar) is taught in Key Stage One and Two and incorporated into daily English lessons. These sessions teach the children key concepts and vocabulary which are then applied in reading and writing sessions.

#### **6. A wide vocabulary knowledge**

Vocabulary is developed across the school through the sharing of high-quality texts and reading to children and within our teaching there is lively discussion of vocabulary and meaning. We use the Nuffield Early Language Intervention programme to support children who come into school with less vocabulary than others.

#### **7. A knowledge of cursive handwriting**

We teach cursive handwriting daily in EYFS and Key Stage One and weekly in Key Stage Two and beautiful handwriting is modelled and expected in all areas of the curriculum.

### **Communication and Language in the Early Years Foundation Stage**

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively.

The EYFS curriculum starts from birth and children progress through each stage of development aiming to achieve the Early Learning Goals by the end of their Reception year. EYFS Communication and Language will enable the children to:

- Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important.
- Learn new vocabulary.
- Use new vocabulary through the day.
- Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them.
- Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.
- Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.
- Describe events in some detail.
- Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen.
- Develop social phrases.
- Engage in storytimes.

- Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.
- Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words.
- Use new vocabulary in different contexts.
- Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.
- Learn rhymes, poems and songs.
- Engage in non-fiction books.
- Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.

### **Literacy in the Early Years Foundation Stage**

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

The EYFS curriculum starts from birth and children progress through each stage of development aiming to achieve the Early Learning Goals by the end of their Reception year. EYFS Literacy will enable the children to:

- Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.
- Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.
- Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
- Form lower-case and capital letters correctly
- Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.
- Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop.
- Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.

### **Implementation**

The English curriculum at the Emmaus Federation is broken down into knowledge building blocks which are built upon over time. As the children progress through the school, they gather more knowledge to help them reach their end point. Our aim is to ensure all our pupils become successful readers, writers, spellers and speakers, who can apply this knowledge to the wider curriculum.

We have identified the application of knowledge that we will implement to enable our pupils to become excellent communicators:

- **Reading**
- **Writing**
- **Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling**
- **Investigation**
- **Expression**
- **Interpretation**
- **Reflection**
- **Empathy;**
- **Analysis**
- **Synthesis**
- **Evaluation**

**The application of knowledge to be a successful English scholar:**

**READING** – in English this means:

- being able to decode and read easily, fluently and with good understanding. Reading is taught daily through phonics, reading practice sessions three times a week, guided reading carousels, a range of texts linked to other areas of the curriculum and through high quality texts in text-based writing sessions.

**WRITING** – in English this includes:

- being able to apply their phonics/spelling knowledge to write a range of words.
- being able to apply their grammatical and punctuation knowledge to write effectively.
- being able to apply their understanding of the structure, audience and features of a text to write effectively.
- being able to apply their understanding of editing and improving to ensure that they produce high-quality writing,
- being able to apply their knowledge of cursive writing to ensure that work is neatly presented.

**Grammar Punctuation and Spelling** – in English this includes:

- being able to write legibly and fluently and with increasing speed.
- being able to spell words which are homophones
- use apostrophes correctly for contraction and possession.
- use the first 3 or 4 letters of a word to check the spelling or meaning in a dictionary.
- use a thesaurus for impact.
- understand some morphology (common letter pattern) and etymology (common meaning/ word root) to help with spelling.
- use National Curriculum common exception words
- recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms

- indicate grammatical and other features by understanding and using a range of punctuation

**INVESTIGATION** – in English this includes:

- reading high quality texts and asking questions about the text including about the structure, features and language.
- comparing texts on a similar theme or genre

**EXPRESSION** – in English this includes:

- the ability to recall, select and organise information.
- the ability to use key vocabulary to describe and explain different aspects of grammar, punctuation, spelling or genre.
- the ability to communicate their likes/dislikes in response to a high-quality text that they have read.

**INTERPRETATION** – in English this includes:

- the ability to draw meaning from what they have read in English lessons and during guided reading and reading practice sessions.
- the ability to suggest meanings and draw conclusions from what they have read including inferring or deducing information such as feelings of a character.

**REFLECTION** – in English this includes:

- the ability to critically analyse an experience and use it to interpret a text or use it in writing to record how it has impacted on you.
- the ability to explore and explain an event through personal experience and use it to shape an outcome.
- the ability to critically evaluate a book or a piece of writing.

**EMPATHY** – in English this includes:

- to connect with an audience and who you are writing for.
- The ability to understand the thoughts and feelings of a reader to forge a connection.

**ANALYSIS** – in English this includes:

- reading and discussing high quality texts and asking and answering questions that involve retrieval questions – what have I learnt? What do I know after reading this text?
- reading and discussing high quality texts including summarising events.

**SYNTHESIS** – in English this includes:

- being able to combine multiple sources and ideas together
- to be able to interpret different texts and create an analysis of literature from multiple sources

- to be able to use prior knowledge to interpret text or create new pieces of written work

**EVALUATION** – in English this includes:

- being able to discuss evaluate their learning and ideas
- being able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding.
- making formal presentations, participation in debate/discussion.
- being able to listen to others' points of view.

## **Processes for Effective Learning in English**

### **1. Reading High Quality Texts**

This includes the sharing of a high-quality text as the basis for all our writing. These texts are topic linked where appropriate. Reading of the text includes the key reading skills of retrieval, inference, deduction, summarizing and prediction Reading of the text includes the skill of investigation. We use the text to explore features, structure, audience and purpose of a genre.

### **2. Planning**

This involves understanding the features and key information needed to write a text. The children are taught different methods of planning a text type.

### **3. Grammar Punctuation and Spelling**

Whilst Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling skills can be taught separately, we spend time exploring the specific features of genre types, aiming to ensure grammar and punctuation are taught at appropriate times, so that children see a good model of text and can use their newly acquired skills within their own writing. Knowing and securing the necessary Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling skills and rules will be of great value to developing the quality of the children's independent writing.

### **4. Writing a text**

This involves applying their knowledge of the text type and using their planning to create a text.

### **5. Editing and Improving.**

This involves the children being taught how to edit their writing and also how to improve it by making changes e.g. to word choice or sentence structure.

## **The Daily Implementation of English at the Emmaus Federation**

- Across the school, from Reception to Year 6, all pupils take part in text-based writing: a well-planned text-led learning journey. Children are exposed to high-quality, challenging texts that inspire writing and further reading.
- Consistent teaching sequence: we adopt a 2-3 week genre writing cycle including investigation of the features of a text, planning, writing and editing. All English lessons start with a short SPAG task.
- Teachers read to their class daily and are confident to read stories aloud energetically and enthusiastically, bringing the story to life.
- Books are further explored through the wider curriculum in subjects such as RE, history and PSHE.
- Working walls in every classroom are focused on text-based writing. They include features of a text, planning, WAGOLLS and examples of editing. Each working wall will also have key vocabulary and SPAG displayed.
- Reading display: In each classroom we have a reading display linked to the current class text. This will include information about the text, key questions for the children to answer, a copy of the book and examples of children's responses to what they have read.
- Phonics display: In each EYFS and Year 1 classroom there will be a phonics display. This will include: the Little Wandle wall frieze at a child-friendly height to enable the children to refer to it throughout the day; a grapheme chart for Phase 2 and 3 in Reception and a 'Grow the Code' grapheme chart Phase 2, 3 and 5 in Year 1; grapheme word mats on tables as a prompt in all lessons and in phonics packs for use during the phonics lessons; key GPCs already taught, tricky words and a working wall which is continually updated with new GPCs learnt, tricky words taught and investigations/challenges for the children.
- Genre/Text specific vocabulary: Identified through the working walls and highlighted to the children at the beginning of and during lessons.
- EYFS: Reception children are given a secure grounding in the Prime Areas of learning, ensuring they have a good foundation on which to build through the specific areas, including Literacy. Areas of provision are enhanced to ensure vocabulary understanding and extension, and develop understanding of the world around them
- Every child in Year 2+ is given the opportunity to read a book of their choice with a familiar adult at least once a week, with those children working in the bottom 20% read with daily.
- Children working in Phases 2-5 are taught phonics daily. In addition, they receive 3 reading practice sessions per week as a group, focusing on a key area in each session: decoding, prosody and comprehension using the same fully decodable phonics book all week. At the end of the week, the children read the same book at home via our online e-books.



- In addition to this, to encourage our children to read for pleasure, every child in EYFS and Year One can choose their own 'sharing book' to take home twice a week.
- Children in Year 2 and above follow the Accelerated Reader scheme and choose books within their reading range from our well-stocked library of high-quality fiction and non-fiction books. Our library is audited regularly for diversity, range and quality and new books are introduced frequently. Our children love the challenge element of this reading scheme and enjoy discovering new books.
- Guided reading takes place daily from Year 2 upwards and every class follows a planned carousel of activities. VIPERS is a mnemonic that is taught and used to support the children with their comprehension skills. Fiction books, non-fiction books and other types of media, such as visual literacy, are used during guided reading sessions. Teachers use our selection of guided reading books, including our new stock of books that link to other subject areas, and Literacy Shed+ for group reading and follow up tasks.
- Parents are given reading guidance and clear expectations about reading at home. We communicate this through workshops and by providing resources to support and encourage reading at home.
- When sharing books and within our teaching there is lively discussion of vocabulary and meaning. As our children master decoding, there is increased teaching of vocabulary and comprehension. Spelling, grammar, and punctuation is incorporated in all English lessons. The Nuffield Early Language Intervention programme is used to support children who come into school with less vocabulary than others.
- We teach cursive handwriting daily in EYFS and Key Stage One and weekly in Key Stage Two and beautiful handwriting is modelled and expected in all areas of the curriculum.
- Cultural Capital: English is promoted across the school through initiatives such as World Book Day, Nursery Rhyme Week, reading challenges, author visits and family read along events. Excellent progress in English is celebrated with books vouchers and awards.
- Teachers assess children's work in English using the STA assessment guidelines whilst always considering the age-related expectations for each year group. Summative assessments for each year group take place termly in reading and phonics through the Little Wandle assessment, Testbase, previous SATs papers and the phonics screening check.
- Teacher assessment is used to assess writing and this is moderated across our federation.
- Every 6 weeks, children take an Accelerated Reader 'star test'. The test provides teachers with a wide variety of information, including each child's reading age and zone of proximal development. After each test, progress is measured and children are identified as working below, at or above.

- Children identified as working below from our assessments and GAPS analysis are given additional support through daily reading or reading three times a week.
- Phonics is taught using a whole-class method and formative assessment is used daily to identify and target children needing same-day intervention. Individual one-to-one intervention and group intervention is given immediately to any child falling behind. Reading practice session groups are organised based on termly assessment, however, they remain fluid throughout the year and children move within these groups depending on their needs.
- Formative assessment is used in every lesson through verbal or written feedback in relation to the specific learning objective and on-the-spot marking.

### **Equal Opportunities**

The teaching of English follows the school's policy on SEND and differentiation and aims to provide all children with equal opportunities. The Governing Body ensures that the school does not discriminate against any pupil on the ground of disability, sex or race in deciding admissions, providing the curriculum, teaching and guidance; in applying standards of behaviour, dress and appearance; and in the allocation of resources and other benefits and facilities which the school provides. The school prides itself on its ability to welcome and involve children of all abilities, backgrounds and heritage. Children are recognised as individuals and both supported and challenged at their own level of development. Our main principal aim is that all children achieve the best that they can be, in all aspects of their development, during their time within the Federation.

### **Role of the Reading and/or Writing Coordinator**

- Endeavour to promote a dynamic approach to the development of English ensuring that it has a high profile.
- To evaluate the standards of English teaching through the analysis of assessment data, book looks and learning journeys.
- To update the English curriculum and oversee its implementation by other staff.
- Keep up to date with developments in English.
- Report back on training attended.
- Advise and support staff with the teaching and learning of English.
- Be responsible for overall auditing and upkeep of all school English resources and facilities. To organise any budgets made available from various funds and to ensure money is used to its best advantage.
- Regularly review and update the school policy statement and guidelines as required.
- To work closely with the lead governor for English.

**Signed By: J Knighton and A Gray**

**Position: Reading Co-ordinator**

**Date: February 2022**

**Signed By: J Knighton and Z Williams**

**Position: Writing Co-ordinator**

**Date: February 2022**